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Violent Crimes in the Hospital Setting: Situational Awareness and Nursing Empowerment Result in Safety

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Violent Crimes in the Hospital Setting: Situational Awareness and Nursing Empowerment Result in Safety

Lehigh Valley Health Network, Allentown, PA

"Do Not Announce-Violent Crime" (DNA-VC) Project:

A successful initiative utilizing evidence-based strategies to enhance situational awareness and ensure a safer hospital environment







An increase in threats and violent acts by patients and visitors prompted staff from a 30-bed medical-surgical transitional trauma unit (TTU) to evaluate current practices.

Current State

Pre-Implementation Staff Survey

June 2013 (n=26): Over 74% of staff thought the process to identify a DNA-VC patient admitted to the unit was "unclear" or "very unclear."

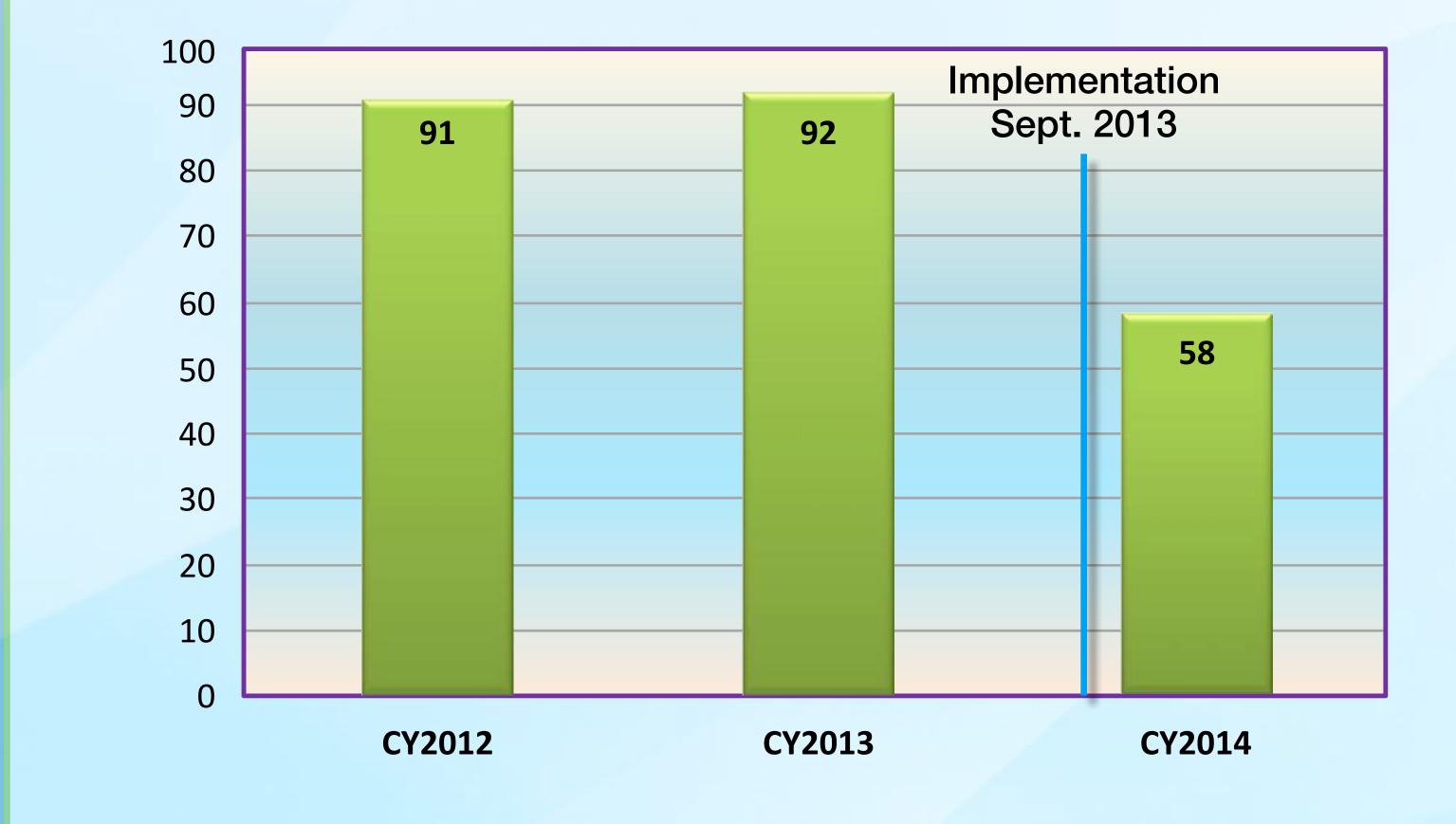
• CY2012 and 2013: Increasing number of employee injuries as a result of intentional patient assaults

Interprofessional Team

- Unit-based Nurse Leaders
 Clinical Nurses
 Attending physicians and extenders
- Geriatrician
 Physical & Occupational

- Post-Implementation Staff Survey
 July 2014 (n=25): 68% of staff thought the process to
- identify a DNA-VC patient admitted to the unit was "clear" or "very clear."
- CY2014:

Decreased Total Employee Injuries (caused by intentional assault by patient)



Case Manager

Therapist
 Nutritionist
 Security Team

Goal: Determine how patients associated with violence are identified; managed from admission through discharge; and how safety is maintained at the bedside

Implementation Plan

1. Identification of Violent Crime Patients Categories:

Cases of penetrating trauma

- Physical or sexual assault
- Child abuse
- Recipients of a threat
- Those in witness protection

2. Interventions

Lessons Learned

- A heightened sense of situational awareness prompts nurses to recognize elements possessing the potential for violence.
- Knowledge empowers nurses to initiate appropriate actions to maintain a safe environment for themselves, their patients and visitors.

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- Environmental safety enhancements
- Emergency pull switches
- Directional door locks
- Signage
- Badge system for non-employees on high risk units
- Replacement of receptionists with security officers in high risk waiting rooms
- Patients flagged in electronic health record (EHR) as DNA-VC

3. Standard Work

- Environmental safety assessments
- Enhanced communication
- Education processes

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