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Long Term Survival Rate of TAVR With and Without Dialysis

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BACKGROUND / INTRODUCTION

- Transcatheter aortic valve replacement (TAVR) is an increasingly conventional minimally invasive procedure for high risk patients with severe aortic stenosis.
 - Avoids complications associated with a median sternotomy and the heart lung machine
 - long-term patient survival and valve durability are not completely known.
- For patients coincidingly on dialysis:
 - Previous studies have illustrated a faster degeneration of the transaortic valve leaflets
 - Regular cost of valve: \$32,000 and cost of procedure: \$70,000

OBJECTIVE

 The study seeks to examine the survival rates of regular and hemodialytic TAVR patients

METHODS

Classified	 Single-center retrospective review of all TAVR patient from Lehigh Valley Health Network 		
Reviewed	 The in-house database and electronic medical record were patient outcomes. Additional telephone interviews were co patients in the post-operative phase of their care. 		
Analyzec	 Descriptive statistics were used to evaluate the significance of TAVR patients who were coincidingly on dialysis 		

Long Term Survival Rate of TAVR With and Without Dialysis

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OUTCOMES



Figure 2: Kaplan Meier Curve of TAVR patients The sooner and larger dip within the dialysis curve illustrates that patients on dialysis have a decreased survival rate. The data suggests that this is statistically significant p=0.0035



lumber censored ^b		
Ν	%	Total sample size
413	80.04	516
7	50.00	14
420	79.25	530

- - 110 died (20.75%)
- - 7 died (50%)
 - p = 0.0035

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RESULTS

 530 patients had the TAVR procedure 11 died within 30 days of the procedure 14 patients were coincidingly on dialysis

 p values <0.05 are statistically significant Worse survival rate by a factor of three • hazard ratio = 2.959; 95% CI 0.8381% to 10.446% Average survival time of 2.02 yrs. (95% CI) PP - Median survival time of 0.953 yrs. (95% CI). PP

CONCLUSIONS

 TAVR has been successful for non-dialysis patients Significant decrease in survival rates for hemodialytic patients should draw caution to the cardiothoracic team as they assess a TAVR candidate.

 Further research is warranted to continue TAVR patient follow up and expand the existing TAVR database.

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